

Question 1

The major goal of a beginner tennis player in returning the serve is to:

- A) Keep the ball in play.
- B) Lob the return.
- C) Hit hard and deep.
- **D)** Hit a winner.

Question 2

Which of the following is a good tactic for an intermediate player?

- A) Hit the ball short.
- B) Recover to the relative middle of the baseline before the opponent hits the ball.
- **C)** Try to exploit the opponent's weaknesses.
- D) Both B and C above.

Question 3

The velocity of racket head at impact is affected by:

- A) The distance the racket head travels before and after impact.
- B) The height of the ball.
- **C)** Direction of the ball being hit.
- **D)** None of the above.

Question 4

What is a major reason for dropping out of tennis for a junior player?

- A) Wanted to play another sport.
- B) Did not enjoy the pressure.
- C) Boredom.
- **D)** All of the above.

Question 5

What should you do in the event of a strain or strain?

- A) Rest, Ice, Compression, Elevate.
- B) Clean, Ice, Massage.
- C) Heat, Mobility, Stretch.
- **D)** Doctor, X-ray, Monitor, Physiotherapy.

Question 6

What is most commonly associated with the ITN rating system?

- **A)** 1 100.
- **B)** Only for the top ATP ranked players.
- **C)** 1 10.3.
- **D)** 1 1000.



Question 7

What are the positives of a single elimination tournament?

- **A)** Coaches see all the best players for a longer duration.
- B) Weaker players get more time to practise as they will be knocked out earlier.
- C) It shows the positives of being a better player.
- **D)** It requires less equipment, time and courts than many other tournaments.

Question 8

Which is not a sporting attribute which tennis possesses?

- A) Mass participation it must be possible for large numbers to participate simultaneously.
- **B)** Inexpensive there should be minimal cost for the participant.
- **C)** All round exercise the exercise should involve as much of the body as possible.
- **D)** A skill for life people must be able to participate at any age.

Question 9

What is the governing association of tennis?

- A) ATP.
- B) ITF.
- C) WTA.
- **D)** All of the above.

Question 10

Which statement best describes tennis?

- A) Physiological response resembles that of a high-intensity exercise for a short period of time.
- **B)** Physiological response of tennis resembles that of prolonged moderate-intensity exercise.
- **C)** Relatively low intensity but for a long duration up to 3 or 4 hours.
- **D)** Repetitive low intensity exercise.

Question 11

Good communication skills involve:

- A) Effective questioning.
- **B)** Listen to your students.
- **C)** Credit before criticism (3:1) ratio.
- **D)** All of the above.



Question 12

For very young players, competition should be a way of:

- A) Achieving valuable ranking points.
- B) Comparing ones skills and ability with those of others.
- C) Impressing your parents and friends.
- D) Winning tennis trophies.

Question 13

In dealing with misbehaviour the coach should:

- A) Use punishment to correct not to retaliate.
- B) Use physical activities (push-ups whenever possible).
- **C)** Give one warning before the punishment.
- D) Both A and C above.

Question 14

Low self confidence behaviour includes:

- A) Attributing success to luck and failure to lack of ability.
- B) Have sense of personal worth pride.
- C) High overall self esteem.
- D) None of the above.

Question 15

Factors affecting singles tactics and strategy are: I) characteristics of player and opponent both II) Environment.

- A) Both are true.
- B) Statement I is only true.
- C) Statement II is only true.
- **D)** Neither of them is true.

Question 16

Good doubles strategy for beginners will be:

- A) Play % age shots.
- B) Do not get caught in mid court.
- **C)** Get the first serve in play.
- D) All of the above.

Question 17

Depth is determined by:

- A) The height of the trajectory of the ball.
- **B)** The speed or force of the ball impact.
- C) The spin of the ball.
- D) All of the above.



Question 18

For the semi-western forehand:

- A) The ideal contact point will be further in front and lower than the eastern grip.
- B) The swing will be slower than with the eastern grip.
- C) The ideal contact point will be further in front and higher than the eastern grip.
- **D)** None of the above.

Question 19

Effect of spin on ball is:

- A) It changes the rotation of the ball through air.
- B) It changes the flight of the ball after bounce.
- **C)** Spin changes the bounce of the ball.
- **D)** All of the above.

Question 20

What is not true about the American round robin format?

- A) Allows you to play against a variety of players.
- B) It has to involve female players.
- C) It increases match play time.
- D) Makes a social, competitive environment.

Question 21

What is the advantage of a rated Draw?

- A) Allows more games.
- **B)** Attracts better players to the tournament.
- **C)** Does not require as much equipment as a regular draw.
- **D)** Gives a chance for women to play with men.

Question 22

What is typically found at a tennis carnival?

- A) Coaching courses.
- B) Service Speed Gun.
- C) Knockout tournament.
- D) Private lessons.

Question 23

As far as is reasonable practice, employers need to provide:

- A) A safe place of work with adequate welfare facilities.
- **B)** Suitable money.
- **C)** A car if you travel to work.
- **D)** Recreational facilities.



Question 24

What is negligence?

- A) Careless conduct causing injury or loss to another.
- B) Voluntary Assumption of Risk.
- C) Due Diligence.
- **D)** The injured party is partially responsible for his/ her injuries.

Question 25

What is the definition of Sports Equity?

- A) It is about taking steps to address fairness, access and inequalities with sport.
- B) Making sure everyone can play sport regardless of where they live.
- C) Allow disadvantaged people to play and compete in sport.
- D) None of the above.

Question 26

What can the following be described as - expensive, poor facilities, poor transport?

- A) Tennis norms.
- **B)** Barriers to participation.
- C) Cultural and Religious influences.
- **D)** Infrastructure.

Question 27

The biggest problem with small cuts and grazes is:

- A) Fainting.
- B) Infection.
- C) Loss of blood.
- **D)** Panic on court from other pupils.

Question 28

Which is the most important job of a tennis coach?

- A) Develop an elite player.
- **B)** Increase participation.
- **C)** Provide a safe and secure environment sporting environment.
- **D)** Develop a player technically, tactically and physically.

Question 29

What is a permanent fixture?

- A) Doubles Partner.
- B) Umpire.
- C) Opponent.
- **D)** Bird flying on the court.



Question 30

A fault is deemed to have taken place when?

- A) When the serve has hit underarm without the knowledge of the opponent.
- B) When the ball is thrown in front of the baseline and hit.
- C) Server cannot change position by walking or running.
- D) When the ball is hit over the imaginary centre line.



Answers:

Α
D
Α
Α
C
C
D
В
В
В
D
В
D
Α
Α

16. D
17. D
18. C
19. D
20.B
21. B
22.B
23. A
24.A
25. A
26.B
27. B
28.C
29.B
30.C