Digital Media Tutorial Witten by Dan Staffieri

1) Open Artec Studio 11 Professional



2) Press the **Preview** button or press the Artec scanner's toggle switch forward.



3) Watch the computer display as you line up the scanner with the object that you're trying to scan. By adjusting your distance to the object, make sure the waveform stays centered within 274-196.



4) Press the **Record** button or press the Artec scanner's toggle switch forward.



5) Press Stop or press the Artec scanner's toggle switch downward.



Note: While scanning, you want to rotate your object a full 360 degrees on a rotating table for best results. Depending on your object's complexity, you will want to make 2-4 complete scans. In our example, we did 3 full scans.



6) Close the scanning tab when you have completed all of your scans. You will see a progress window appear. Wait for the complete its calculations.

Running post-scan algorithms	×
Fine registration progress	
	Cancel

7) If there sections of your scan that need to be trimmed or removed, you use the **Eraser** function which is located in **Editor** button then **Eraser**.



Navigation tips:

Hold **Control** and **Shift** to enlarge/reduce objects by scrolling.

If multiple layers at visible, hold the **shift** key to adjust just the selected layer.

To move an object up/down/left/right on the screen, press both the **Left** and **Right** click buttons your mouse at the same time and move your mouse.

8) The next step is to align all the scans together. Press the Align button.



You'll notice the scan layers on the left panel.

	#	
0	Scan1	
0	Scan2	
	Scan3	

Blue circles mean the layer is registered, and the Green circles means an unregistered layer. Only align 2 layers at a time. Rotate two scans on the screen side by side so that they laid out similarly (see example).



Tip: Again Hold Shift to move one scan at a time.

Next you will have to click on at least 3 common points between the two scans. You can press the space bar to deselect a point if you have made a mistake. See the example below



Now click the align meshes.

Ali	gn	
	Align	

You'll notice now that Scan2 is now blue and registered.

	#	
C	Scan1	
C	Scan2	
	Scan3	

Now do the same process for Scan3



9) When all of the alignments has been performed. Click **Apply** at the bottom of the window.

Quick help 👻	

10) Next go to the **Tools** button **Registration** then **Global Registration**. Change **registration_algorithm** to **Geometry**. Lastly, click **Apply**



11) Now go to the **Tools** button and **Fusion** then the **Outlier removal** section. Change the **std_dev_mul_threshold** to 2. Press **Apply.**

Editor	Fusion		
	Outlier removal		6
	std_dev_mul_threshold	2	þ
Tools	resolution	0.1	0
		Apply	

12) Next go to the Tools button then Sharp Fusion and change Fill_holes to Watertight, and press Apply.



13) Next go to the Tools button then Postprocessing and change the Small-object filter to Leave_biggest_object. Click Apply.



14) If you find additional parts of your model that need to be removed, you can use **De-feature Brush**. This option can be found in the **Editor** Button and the **Defeature Brush**.



15) Double click on the **Sharp Fusion1** layer on the right side of the screen, this allows you to see the polygon count for your model. You want a target of 100,000 polygons.



For mechanical objects that depend on accuracy, go to the **Tools** Button and **PostProcessing** and **Mesh simplification**. Change **stop_condition** to **Triangle _quantity**. Set **tri_num** to 100000. Click **Apply**.



For other objects that are not dependent on accuracy, go to the **Tools** Button and **PostProcessing** and **Fast mesh simplification**. Set **tri_num** to 100000. Click **Apply**.



16) To check if your models has any holes, go to the **Edges** button. If there was any holes detected within the model they will show up on the list. You can press the **Select all** button then the **Fill holes** button to close them.

	Edges	×			
	って				
()	Move camera to selection				
Autopilot	Holes Edges				
Editor	Select all Deselect all Fill holes				
	Smooth holes after filling				
Tools	# Perimeter length				
Align					
Edges					

17) You can apply color textures to your model. Go the Texture button. Select all 3 raw scans one the left and press Apply.



You can also adjust the Brightness, Saturation, Hue, Contrast, and Gamma correction. Press **Apply** when done with adjustments.



18) To make texture corrections, go to the Editor Button and select Texture Healing for simple texture editing



19) Time to export. Make sure that only the Sharp fusion layer is selected.

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	ID	Title	Loaded	Total	Max er
	1	Scan1	406	406 / 495Mb	0.0
	2	Scan2	467	467 / 598Mb	0.0
	3	Scan3	343	343 / 374Mb	0.1
•	4	Sharp fusion1	1	1 / 56Mb	

Go to File menu then Export Meshes...



20) Change Texture export format to jpg and click on the "..." box

Export meshes		×
	2	
Texture export format: jpg	1	
	OK	Cancel

21) Give the File a Name and select a file format. Typically you will want to select the **STL** file format. Be aware that **STL** does not save texture color information. If you require texture color information, select **wavefront OBJ**, **VRML** or **ASTM E57 3D** file formats. Click **Save**

rile riame.	test	Y
Save as type:	All known formats (*.ply;*.stl;*.wrl;*.	obj;*.asc;*.ac 🗸 🛛 🗘
	All known formats (*,ply;*,stl;*,wrl;*,obj;*,asc;*,aop;*,ptx;*,x;*,xyzrgb;*,e57 Stanford Polygon File Format (*,ply)	
	VRML 1.0 File Format (*.wrl) VRML 2.0 File Format (*.wrl) Wavefront OBJ File Format (*.obj) Point Cloud 3D File Format (*.asc) American Academy of Orthotists an Ptex: Per-Face Texture Mapping Fi DirectX X Binary File Format (*.x) DirectX X Text File Format (*.x) XYZRGB File Format (*.xyrgb) ASTM E57 3D File Format (*.e57)	d Prosthetists File Format (*.a le Format (*.ptx)

22) Lastly Click on **OK** to complete your file save.

xport meshes		×
C:\Users\ds363\Documents\test\test	.stl	
Texture export format: jpg 🔍		
	OK	Cancel