

## **EXTRA BANK OF QUESTIONS**

### Chapter 1: Psychology and Scientific Thinking

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#### ***What Is Psychology?***

1. Psychology:
  - a. has an applied side.
  - b. is a science of behavior.
  - c. has goals of describing, predicting, and explaining events.
  - d. all of the above

**Answer c    % correct 50    a = 13 b = 20 c = 50 d = 17    r = .23**

#### ***Psychology's Past and Present***

2. Structuralism emphasizes \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a. individual differences
  - b. the application of biological principles to the mind
  - c. the influence of subconscious urges on conscious behavior
  - d. the basic units of experience and their combinations

**Answer d    % correct 87    a = 1 b = 10 c = 2 d = 87    r = .29**

3. John Watson was the founder of the school of thought that became known as \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a. functionalism
  - b. structuralism
  - c. behaviorism
  - d. humanism

**Answer a    % correct 60    a = 60 b = 7 c = 18 d = 16    r = .21**

4. The first psychology laboratory was founded by \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a. Wundt
  - b. James
  - c. Titchener
  - d. Watson

**Answer b    % correct 69    a = 12 b = 69 c = 12 d = 8    r = .39**

5. B. F. Skinner is associated with \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a. psychodynamic psychology
  - b. behaviorism
  - c. Gestalt psychology
  - d. existentialism

**Answer c    % correct 70    a = 2 b = 22 c = 70 d = 6    r = .49**

6. Freud was the founder of \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a. existential psychology
  - b. behavioral psychology
  - c. psychoanalysis
  - d. behaviorism

**Answer b    % correct 88    a = 1 b = 88 c = 9 d = 1    r = .21**

7. A psychologist bases his/her theories completely on measuring observable behaviors. This psychologist is probably a \_\_\_\_\_.

- a. humanist
- b. behaviorist
- c. structuralist
- d. functionalist

**Answer d    % correct 76    a = 0 b = 20 c = 3 d = 76    r = .26**

8. Psychologists use techniques based on \_\_\_\_\_.

- a. cultural ethnocentrism
- b. objective introspection
- c. philosophical logic
- d. the scientific method

**Answer a    % correct 80    a = 80 b = 9 c = 4 d = 6    r = .29**

9. In the late 20th century, psychology \_\_\_\_\_.

- a. expanded dramatically
- b. stagnated
- c. contracted slightly
- d. contracted dramatically

**Answer d    % correct 62    a = 23 b = 5 c = 10 d = 62    r = .31**

10. Like Watson, Skinner believed that psychology should study only \_\_\_\_\_.

- a. mental processes
- b. perceptions
- c. elements of thought
- d. observable behavior

**Answer c    % correct 32    a = 12 b = 50 c = 32 d = 6    r = .23**

11. By general agreement, psychology was born in \_\_\_\_\_.

- a. 1642
- b. 1853
- c. 1879
- d. 1906

**Answer c    % correct 71    a = 6 b = 4 c = 71 d = 19    r = .40**

12. Freud's theories differed radically from the views of his predecessors because of \_\_\_\_\_.

- a. its extensive use of laboratory research to support its claims
- b. the emphasis it placed on Eastern philosophies and culture
- c. the emphasis it placed on unconscious processes
- d. its emphasis on environmental learning as the source for most personality characteristics

**Answer a    % correct 71    a = 71 b = 8 c = 6 d = 14    r = .38**

13. The first psychology laboratory was opened by

- a. Wundt
- b. James
- c. Titchener
- d. Watson

**Answer a    % correct 70    a = 70 b = 16 c = 12 d = 3    r = .39**

14. Titchener was a member of the \_\_\_\_\_ school of thought.

- a. structuralists
- b. functionalist
- c. behaviorist
- d. reductionist

**Answer a % correct 63 a = 63 b = 8 c = 15 d = 13 r = .50**

15. The school of thought that became known as behaviorism was founded by

- a. Watson
- b. Titchener
- c. James
- d. Wundt

**Answer a % correct 91 a = 91 b = 1 c = 6 d = 2 r = .23**

16. Watson is to behaviorism as \_\_\_\_\_ is to psychoanalysis.

- a. Freud
- b. James
- c. Skinner
- d. Wundt

**Answer d % correct 79 a = 1 b = 8 c = 12 d = 79 r = .48**

17. Freud believed that many unconscious desires are:

- a. the result of excessive punishment.
- b. by-products of introspection.
- c. the result of excessive reinforcement.
- d. sexual in nature.

**Answer b % correct 26 a = 3 b = 26 c = 23 d = 47 r = .36**

18. As a science, psychology is approximately how old?

- a. 50 years
- b. 100 years
- c. 150 years
- d. 2500 years since the field dates back to the ancient Greeks

**Answer b % correct 77 a = 17 b = 77 c = 4 d = 3 r = .26**

19. Modern psychology is said to have begun when:

- a. Greek philosophers began studying the differences between people.
- b. Wundt opened the first laboratory devoted to the scientific study of psychology.
- c. Freud developed psychoanalytic theory and therapy.
- d. it was discovered in the early 1900s that many illnesses have no medical basis.

**Answer b % correct 76 a = 13 b = 76 c = 2 d = 10 r = .48**

20. The psychological school that asks, "What are mental processes for?" rather than "What are mental processes?" is which of the following?

- a. structuralism
- b. functionalism
- c. humanism
- d. Gestalt

**Answer a % correct 95 a = 95 b = 3 c = 0 d = 3 r = .24**

21. Wundt is to structuralism as \_\_\_\_\_ is to psychoanalysis.

- a. Freud
- b. Watson
- c. Rogers
- d. Maslow

**Answer a    % correct 72    a = 72 b = 15 c = 11 d = 3    r = .33**

22. The psychologist John Watson is associated with the \_\_\_\_\_ school of psychology and argued that psychology must concern itself only with \_\_\_\_\_.

- a. behavioral; behavior
- b. behavioral; mental processes
- c. cognitive; thought and action
- d. cognitive; behavior

**Answer c    % correct 55    a = 8 b = 4 c = 55 d = 33    r = .26**

23. Which of the following does NOT fit with the other three?

- a. Wundt
- b. 1879
- c. functionalism
- d. introspection

**Answer a    % correct 64    a = 64 b = 14 c = 12 d = 10    r = .52**

24. Studying the elements of sensations, feelings, and images is most directly associated with which school of psychology?

- a. structuralism
- b. functionalism
- c. behaviorism
- d. humanism

**Answer c    % correct 54    a = 20 b = 2 c = 54 d = 24    r = .42**

25. The primary method of investigation used by structuralists was:

- a. natural observation.
- b. dream interpretation.
- c. analytic introspection.
- d. experimentation.

**Answer c    % correct 77    a = 2 b = 15 c = 77 d = 5    r = .41**

26. The founder of behaviorism is:

- a. James.
- b. Skinner.
- c. Watson.
- d. Wundt.

**Answer b    % correct 74    a = 8 b = 74 c = 3 d = 15    r = .28**

27. Psychology is said to have begun when

- a. medicine was seen to be ineffective in treating neurosis.
- b. Wilhelm Wundt started the first psychological laboratory and I am testing the roll-over to the next line feature.
- c. Sigmund Freud opened his private practice in Vienna and I am testing the roll-over to the next line feature.
- d. it was discovered in the early 1900s that many illnesses have no medical basis and I am testing the roll-over to the next line feature.

**Answer d    % correct 90    a = 2 b = 3 c = 5 d = 90    r = .30**

28. Scientific psychology is formally recognized to have begun:

- a. in Greece, with the work of Hippocrates.
- b. in the United States, with the work of James.
- c. in Austria, with the work of Freud.
- d. in Germany, with the work of Wundt.

**Answer a** % correct 95 a = 95 b = 2 c = 2 d = 1 r = .20

29. The first psychology laboratory was opened by \_\_\_\_\_.

- a. Wundt
- b. James
- c. Titchener
- d. Watson

**Answer b** % correct 78 a = 7 b = 78 c = 14 d = 1 r = .20

30. Skinner is associated with \_\_\_\_\_.

- a. structuralism
- b. behaviorism
- c. Gestalt psychology
- d. existentialism

**Answer a** % correct 90 a = 90 b = 7 c = 1 d = 2 r = .27

31. For Freud, much of our behavior is controlled by \_\_\_\_\_.

- a. unconscious desires
- b. environmental stimuli
- c. mental Gestalts
- d. mental associations

**Answer a** % correct 53 a = 53 b = 11 c = 17 d = 17 r = .40

32. The school of thought that became known as behaviorism was founded by \_\_\_\_\_.

- a. Watson
- b. Titchener
- c. James
- d. Wundt

**Answer b** % correct 86 a = 2 b = 86 c = 1 d = 11 r = .31

33. Watson felt that psychologists should study \_\_\_\_\_.

- a. consciousness
- b. observable behavior
- c. mental imagery
- d. elements of thought

**Answer c** % correct 35 a = 16 b = 22 c = 35 d = 28 r = .21

34. Behaviorist J. B. Watson objected to early theories of psychology because of their focus on:

- a. evolution.
- b. science.
- c. mental processes.
- d. physical processes.

**Answer d** % correct 58 a = 14 b = 17 c = 12 d = 58 r = .41

35. Psychologists should only study observable behavior, according to \_\_\_\_\_.

- a. Freud
- b. Titchener
- c. Galton
- d. Watson

**Answer b    % correct 93    a = 1 b = 93 c = 3 d = 3    r = .23**

36. John Watson was a behaviorist who argued that the science of psychology must concern itself only with

- a. experiences as whole units.
- b. observable events.
- c. unconscious mental processes.
- d. early childhood experiences.

**Answer d    % correct 78    a = 9 b = 6 c = 8 d = 78    r = .46**

37. B. F. Skinner is most closely associated with which school of psychology?

- a. cognitive
- b. humanistic
- c. functionalism
- d. behaviorism

**Answer a    % correct 69    a = 69 b = 17 c = 8 d = 5    r = .40**

38. The psychologist John Watson is associated with the \_\_\_\_\_ school of psychology and argued that psychology must concern itself only with \_\_\_\_\_.

- a. behavioral; behavior
- b. behavioral; mental processes
- c. cognitive; thought and action
- d. cognitive; behavior

**Answer d    % correct 62    a = 10 b = 15 c = 12 d = 62    r = .50**

39. B. F. Skinner is most closely associated with which school of psychology?

- a. cognitive
- b. humanistic
- c. functionalism
- d. behaviorism

**Answer b    % correct 49    a = 10 b = 49 c = 38 d = 3    r = .23**