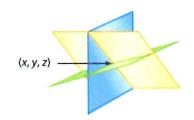
3.4: Systems of Equations in Three Variables

Equations in three variables are graphed as *planes*. As was the case when graphing lines, there may be:

- one solution expressed as an ordered triple, (x, y, z)
- no solution, ø
- an infinite number of solutions

One Solution

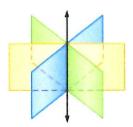
The three individual planes intersect at a specific point.



Infinitely Many Solutions

The planes intersect in a line.

Every coordinate on the line represents a solution of the system.

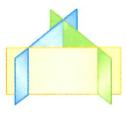


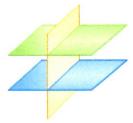
The planes intersect in the same plane.

Every equation is equivalent. Every coordinate in the plane represents a solution of the system.



No Solution There are no points in common with all three planes.







Steps to Solving Systems with Three Variables

- Pick two equations, and eliminate one variable from them.
 You'll be left with one equation, having 2 variables. Let's call this equation "YAY"
- 2) Pick another pair of equations, and eliminate the same variable you eliminated in step 1. You'll be left with another equation, which we'll call "MATH". "MATH" will have the same 2 variables as "YAY".
- 3) Pair the equations "YAY" and "MATH", to solve for the 2 variables therein.
- 4) Substitute those two values into one of the original equations, to find the third variable.

Ex#1: Please solve the following system.

Ex#2: Please solve the following system.

$$x+y+z=1$$

$$x+y-z=3$$

$$2x+2y+z=3$$

$$2x+2y+z=3$$

$$2x+2y+z=3$$

$$2x + 2y = \frac{4}{2}$$

$$x + y = 2$$

$$2x + 2y + 2 = 3$$

$$\frac{3x+3y=6}{3}$$

$$x+2-x+2=1$$

$$(i)$$
 $x+y+z=2$

$$3x + 3y + 3z = 14$$

$$x-2y+z=4$$

$$\rightarrow x + \frac{7}{3} + 2 = 2$$

$$3x+3(\frac{2}{3})+37=14$$

$$=2$$
 $x-\frac{2}{3}+2=2$

$$3x - 6 + 3z = 14$$

$$3x+37=20$$
 $-31-39=-5$